

President's Message

We are pleased to announce the ASPS Fifth Biennial Convention, which will take place from January 28-30, 2011 at the Henry Martyn Institute in Hyderabad, India. The excitement of holding our 2011 meeting in Hyderabad stems from a renewed interest in the history of relations between Iran and India as well as from the city's status as quintessentially Persianate, which goes back to the 16th century, when the Decani kingdoms, the Nizamshahis, the Adilshahis, and the Qutbshahis, embraced Twelver Shi'ism, established cultural, religious and diplomatic ties with Safavid Iran, and even (rhetorically) submitted to the Safavids. The bustling old city of Hyderabad boasts a number of fine Islamic monuments, such as the famous Charminar Mosque, the Mecca Masjid, various libraries, the tombs of the Qutbshahis, and the imposing fortress of Golconda, the original capital of the Qutbshahis, located a short distance from the city.

We look forward to an exciting fifth convention. Our first biennial convention took place in Dushanbe, Tajikistan, in September 2002, with the cooperation of the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Tajikistan, the Rudaki Institute of Language and Literature, and the National Commission of UNESCO, Tajikistan.

The Dushanbe Conference brought together over 80 scholars from thirteen countries. ASPS's second biennial convention, on "Society, History and Culture in the Persianate World," in Yerevan, Armenia in 2004, was attended by 90 scholars from 18 countries. During the third conference in Tblisi, Georgia in June 2007 at the Iv. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University and the Tsereteli Institute of Oriental Studies, the ASPS opened its new branch office at the Institute of Oriental Studies. Some 75 scholars took part in our last conference, held in 2009 in Lahore, Pakistan, which was cosponsored by the Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS), the Oriental College of University of the Punjab, Lahore, and the American Institute of Iranian Studies.

The conferences have provided a rare and valued opportunity for scholars from West, Central and South Asia, Europe and North America to participate in an interdisciplinary dialogue. The interchange of ideas has also found its place in our publication, *Journal of Persianate Studies*.

Tentative Program

Thursday, Jan. 27

Registration: 9:00-16:00

Presidential Address: 16:30-18:00

Reception: 18:00-20:00

Friday- Sunday, Jan. 28- Jan. 30: Regular Sessions

Sunday, Jan. 30: Banquet

Monday Jan. 31 Excursions (Optional)

Inside the Newsletter

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News from the Regional Offices

Jo-Ann Gross, member of the ASPS Board of Directors and Director of the Central Eurasian Research Fund, traveled to Uzbekistan and Tajikistan in May-July 2010. She first led a 3-week Maymester Silk Road Study-Tour from The College of New Jersey to Uzbekistan and Tajikistan in which 9 students and 2 faculty were enrolled. Following the study-tour she remained in Tajikistan to meet with the directors of our two regional ASPS offices: Lola Dodkhudoeva, director of the Dushanbe office, and Sabohat Donayorova, co-director with Umed Mamadsheerzodshoev of the Khorog office. They discussed the activities they carried out in 2009-2010 and their plans for next year, including the participation of a group of Tajik scholars in the Fifth Biennial ASPS Convention in Hyderabad in 2011. In Dushanbe Dr. Gross met with Dr. Davlatkhoja Dovudi of the Institute of Archaeology and Ethnography, Academy of Sciences of Tajikistan, to award him a Central Eurasian Research Fund (CERF) grant of \$1500 to cover technical equipment and publication costs for his forthcoming book, *A New Hoard of Copper Coins of the Kushan Kings from Tajikistan*. She also attended a seminar at the Institute of History on the recent findings of the Italian archaeological team working in Tajikistan.

In June 2010 Dr. Gross traveled to Kabul, Afghanistan to begin an initiative to open an ASPS office there. She met with over a dozen people, including professors and administrators from academic institutions, officials from private non-profit and government institutions, and artists and writers, to discuss how ASPS might contribute to the support of scholars and researchers across disciplines, and where an ASPS office might best be located. As a institutional member of the Board of Trustees of the American Institute for Afghanistan Studies (AIAS), Dr. Gross was particularly interested in the possibility of establishing an ASPS presence in Kabul through their already established center there, and she discussed this at length with Mohammad Omar Sharifi, Director of the Kabul office, and after her return, with Dr. Tom Barfield, President of AIAS. The prospect of working within the AIAS office looks very promising. ASPS Kabul has the potential to bring Afghan scholars and researchers into contact with those working outside the country through our international conferences, *Journal of Persianate Societies*, *Newsletter*, and funding to support local workshops and seminars. We are in the process of planning the participation of four scholars from Afghanistan in the upcoming Biennial Convention in Hyderabad in January 2011.



News from the Journal Editor

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Jocelyn Sharlet, “A Garden of Possibilities in Manuchehri’s Spring Panegyrics”

Mohammad-‘Ali Foroughi “The History of Modernization of Law”
(translated by Manouchehr Kasheff)

Afshin Marashi, “Imagining Hafez:
Rabindranath Tagore in Iran, 1932”

Ludwig Paul, “The Language Reform of the First Farhangestān (1935-41) and the Question of its Success”

Maryam Rutner, “A Survey of the Content and Purpose of the Discipline of Political Science in Iran and Its Significance for the Iranian Society”

Review Essay on *General Introduction to Persian Literature: A History of Persian Literature* by Michael Hillmann



Upcoming Conferences

The National Institute of Historical and Cultural Research in collaboration with Research Centre for Islamic History Art and Culture

Islamic architecture

Islamabad, November 2010

The congress will identify the various links and influences of Islam in the arts and architecture of the various parts of the world inhabited by Muslims.

A selection of the papers to be presented in the congress will be published as a book.

For more information please contact:

National Institute of Historical and Cultural Research (Centre of Excellence), Quaid-i-Azam University Islamabad Pakistan.

Email: nihcr.ibd@gmail.com

OR

Yildiz Sarayi, Seyir Kosku, Bulvari, 34349 Besiktas / P.O. Box 24, Besiktas, 34354 Istanbul – Turkey

Email: ircica@superonline.com

US Democracy Promotion in the Middle East

21- 22 October 2010

Melbourne University

The United States maintains a declared commitment to democracy in the Middle East. The US initiatives to drive the Taliban out of Afghanistan and remove Saddam Hussein from power have been the latest episodes in a difficult relationship with the Middle East – one that is set to become even more complicated in relation to Iran's refusal to abide by UN resolutions. The presence of US troops in the region is often justified in terms of providing security for budding democracies. But this is a contentious issue, viewed with a degree of scepticism in many parts of the Middle East and challenged by critics.

This conference provides an opportunity to explore the record of US democracy promotion in the Middle East and deliberate any shift in policy following the election Barack Obama to presidency in 2009. The conference will especially focus on the achievements and shortcomings of the George W Bush era in promoting democracy in the region and the implications of that legacy for the Obama Administration. Exploring this legacy is critical to understanding the framework within

which the Obama Administration operates. President Barack Obama has promised change in the way Washington relates to the Middle East. It has tried to restart the peace process and break with the convention of giving Israel a card-blanc. It has committed to troop withdrawal from Iraq, and has tried to break the circuit of accusation and counter-accusation with Iran. It is still unclear if these policy shifts can make a difference in the US image and further the interests of the United States in the Middle East

It is also unclear if President Obama can maintain this course.

Confirmed Speakers include

Professor Robert (Bob) Bowker (ANU)

Professor Juan Cole (University of Michigan)

Dr Michele Dunne (Carnegie Endowment for International Peace)

Professor William Maley (ANU)

Professor Marina Ottaway (Carnegie Endowment for International Peace)

Dr Leanne Piggott (University of Sydney)

**ASPS Biennial Convention 2011
28-30 January, 2011
Hyderabad, India**

The Association for the Study of Persianate Societies (ASPS) calls for your participation in its Fifth Biennial Convention, to take place in place in Hyderabad, India, 28-30 January, 2011. The Henry Martyn Institute, located a short distance from the old town, will host our meeting. The deadline for submission of abstracts is October 15, 2010. Accommodation, food and events during the meeting will be covered by ASPS. Local excursions on January 31 are optional. We will likely have a limited number of fellowships available for participants from Central Asia, Iran, Afghanistan, Armenia and Georgia.

All humanities and social science disciplines related to Persianate Societies are welcome. We encourage pre-organized panels, but individual papers are also welcome. Submissions for pre-organized panels must include a panel abstract of no more than 300 words plus individual abstracts of no more than 300 words for each panelist. Panels must be limited to a minimum of three panelists and a maximum of four. Panels and individual abstracts must contain:

Name(s)
Affiliation
Discipline
Address
E-mail address/fax nr/phone nr
Title of the paper and /or panel
Abstract with a clearly stated thesis

Please send abstracts in Word document format by email to:

Rudi Matthee
History Department
Munroe Hall
University of Delaware
Newark, DE 19716
USA

e-mail: matthee@udel.edu; fax: (302) 831-1535

The excitement of holding our 2011 meeting in Hyderabad stems from the city's status as a quintessentially Persianate city. The Deccan has long been known as a meeting point of cultures. Some of the languages of the region (Marathi and Konkani) derived from Sanskrit. The Khilji and Tughlaq rulers of Delhi sought to establish themselves in the Deccan Plateau with limited success. The Bahmani Empire of Gulbarga, an offshoot of the Tughlaq rulers, soon established direct trade and diplomatic relations with the Middle East. Persian became the official language of the Bahmani Kingdom and some of its successor states, notably Golconda. In the 16th century the Safavid rulers of Iran established close diplomatic and religious links with Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Golkonda. Shi'ism of the Twelver variant became and continues to be the dominant form of Islam in Hyderabad. Persianate painting, music and architecture influenced the Deccan greatly. The old city, with its many monuments, bears witness to this past, as does the nearby fortress of Golconda.

We look forward to an exciting fifth convention. Our first biennial convention took place in Dushanbe, Tajikistan, in September 2002, with the cooperation of the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Tajikistan, the Rudaki Institute of Language and Literature, and the National Commission of UNESCO, Tajikistan. This very successful and well publicized four-day scholarly meeting brought together over 80 scholars from thirteen countries to present papers and to discuss a variety of themes on pre-Islamic and Islamic Persianate culture. Our second biennial convention on Iranian Studies, Society, History and Culture in the Persianate World and was held in Yerevan, Armenia in 2004, and brought together 90 scholars from 18 countries. Our third conference was held in Tbilisi, Georgia in June 2007 at the Iv. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University and the Tsereteli Institute of Oriental Studies, where scholars from 13 countries presented their papers. During the conference period, ASPS opened its new branch office at the Institute of Oriental Studies. The Lahore convention in 2009, too,

brought together scholars from many countries and disciplines.

The conferences have provided a rare and valued opportunity for scholars from West, Central and South Asia, Europe and North America to participate in an interdisciplinary dialogue. The interchange of ideas has also found its place in our publication, *Journal of Persianate Societies*, which is published by Brill Academic Publishers.

Announcements

The International Society for Iranian Studies Conference: May 28- June 1, 2010
 The American Association of Teachers of Persian (AATP) Session on Curriculum Design
 Co-sponsored by the NMELRC (National Middle Eastern Language Resource Center)
 Co-chaired by Pardis Minuchehr (UPENN) and Latifeh Hagigi (UCLA)

Attendees: Mahvash Shahegh (Johns Hopkins), Maryam Borjian (Rutgers), Manouchehr Kasheff (New York University), Haideh Sahim (Hofstra), Fereshteh Kowssar (Yale), Parvaneh Hosseini (Arizona), Kamran Talatoff (Arizona), Nahal Akbari (University of Maryland), Abbas Moussavi (University of Maryland), Atefeh Oliai (Tajikistan), Hamid Rezaei Yazdi (University of Toronto), Delaram Soltani (University of Maryland), Soheila Kiani (University of California, Irvine), Azita Mokhtari (National), Ramin Sarraf (National), Anousha Sedighi (Portland State), Mohamad Ghanoonparvar (University of Texas, Austin), Anousha Shahsavari (University of

Announcements (continued)

Texas, Austin), Marzieh Zangi (Washington D.C.), Negar Davari (Shahid Beheshti), Salomeh Mohammad Esmail (Budapest, Hungary), Deniz Gazi, Ivan Eslanto (Budapest, Hungary), Natir Velini, Fariba Kermani (Research Center of Iranian Cultural Heritage Organization), Batool Fallahi, Habib Borjian (Columbia), Franklin Lewis (University of Chicago).

In the course of a three-hour extended roundtable on Saturday, May 29, 2010 at the Eighth Biennial Iranian Studies Conference in Santa Monica, California, teachers of Persian discussed various issues related to curriculum design and materials development in Persian language courses. The following questions were posed and discussed: What are the benchmarks for teaching Persian in various levels, and how can we update the existing criteria? How can we develop authentic material in print and multi-media for Persian? At the end of the meeting, the AATP held its general business meeting and decided on holding subsequent general meetings at future ISIS meetings.

PERSIAN MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT WORKSHOP

**AT THE UNIVERSITY OF
PENNSYLVANIA (February 5-7,
2010)**

Persian Materials Development workshop was held at the University of Pennsylvania bringing together over twenty teachers from across the United

to participate and share their knowledge and experience of teaching Persian to heritage and non-heritage students.

The workshop, directed by Pardis Minucheher, the AATP President, was co-sponsored jointly by the National Middle Eastern Language Resource Center (NMELRC) at BYU, the Penn Language Center, The Middle East Center at the University of Pennsylvania, and the American Association of Teachers of Persian (AATP) and STARTALK.

During the three-day workshop participants presented an overview of the state of the art in teaching of the Persian language, discussing issues related to materials development from basic to advanced levels and presenting existing sample materials and textbooks. Participants commented on existing materials and suggested ways to enhance language learning for both heritage and non-heritage language learners. A portion of the workshop concentrated on different methods for the integration of technology, in developing authentic materials, assessment issues, standards-based approach, among others.

The workshop attendees were as follows:

Soheila Amir-Soleimani (Utah University), Jaleh Prinazar (University of California, Berkley), Latifeh Hagigi (University of California, Los Angeles), Maryam Borjian (City University of New York), Habib Borjian (Columbia University), Ramin Sarraf (National University), Azita Mokhtari (National University), Mahvash Shahegh (Johns Hopkins University), Haideh Sahim (Hofstra University), Pardis Minucheher (University of Pennsylvania), Niloufar Yarmohammadi (University of Maryland), Farima Mostowfi (Georgetown University), Fereshteh Kowssar (Yale University), Manouchehr Kasheff (New York University),

Ghazzal Dabiri (Columbia University), Parvaneh Hosseini (Arizona University), Anousha Shahsavari (University of Texas, Austin). With presentations by Christina Frei (University of Pennsylvania), Kirk Belnap (Birgham Young University) and Edward Dixon (University of Pennsylvania).

Overall, the workshop, which was held during the unprecedented heavy snowfall in the North East, benefited greatly from the suggestions and advice provided by all participants, and further plans were made for future workshops on major issues and challenges facing Persian language teachers and learners. The first follow up workshop was planned for the upcoming ISIS conference in Santa Monica, CA, May 2010.

ASPS at the World Congress of Sociology, Gothenburg, Sweden, July 11-18, 2010

ASPS co-sponsored two panels at the World Congress of Sociology organized by the International Sociological Association this summer. The first was the Integrative Session on Islam and Power (with ISA Research Committee 22: Sociology of Religion) on Friday, July 16, in which ASPS Past-President, Saïd Amir Arjomand, presented a paper on “Historical Patterns for Legitimation and Contestation of Power in Islamicate Civilization.” The second was the panel on “Middle Eastern Women in the Public Space and Sphere” (co-sponsored by the Research Committee 32: Women in Society, and the Turkish Sociological Association) on Saturday, July 17, in which Azam Khatam and Nazanin

Segregated Spaces: 'Traversing the 'Public' in the Islamic Republic of Iran." Zahra Tashakor presented a paper on "unveiling the Mind, Unveiling the Body" on a related Research Committee 32 panel a day earlier. The picture shows the panelists, Zahra Tashakor, Azam Khatam, Ayse Saktanber and Selda Tuncer with Saïd Amir Arjomand at dinner following the session on "Middle Eastern Women in the Public Space and Sphere."



Barbara Schmitz will be teaching at Punjab University, Department of Art and Design beginning October 1, 2010. Mainly she will be working with Ph.D candidates on their dissertations; they have a back log of 30 "all-but dissertations." She will also lecture on Persian and Mughal art.

She has edited and contributed to a MARG publication, Lahore: Painting, Murals, and Calligraphy. It is now out and receiving good reviews. There will be openings for the publication in Lahore, Karachi and New Delhi. The New Delhi opening will be at IIC about November 18-19th, with a panel discussion which she will head (and the other two openings have no set date thus far).

Houchang E. Chehabi has published the following two books

H. E. Chehabi and Vanessa Masrtin, eds., *Iran's Constitutional Revolution: Popular Politics, Cultural Transformations and Transnational Connections* (London: I.B. Tauris, 2010).

H. E. Chehabi, ed., *Persian Literature and Judeo-Persian Culture: The Collected Writings of Sorour S. Soroudi* (Boston: Ilex Foundation, and Washington D.C.: Center for Hellenic Studies, 2010).

Colin Mitchell has published the following book:

Colin Mitchell, *The Practice of Politics in Safavid Iran: Power, Religion and Rhetoric* (I.B. Tauris, 2009).

ASPS is co-sponsoring the panel:

In Transition: Cross Roads, Frontiers, and Historical Memory in Late Antique Iranian Studies
At MESA November 19, 2010, San Diego California

Organized by Ghazzal Dabiri (Columbia University)

Summary: This panel builds on research first presented at MESA in 2009 in the recent trends in Late Antique Iranian studies panels. Though the papers covered topics from various disciplines that challenged established notions of chronologies, economic

development, and cultural ideologies, they all addressed, to varying degrees, the underlying theme of continuity and change in the early Islamic period.

The four papers on this panel draw further attention to the idea of continuity and change during the transitional period--the interstitial spaces--of early Islamic rule in the Iranian lands. The first two papers specifically question Muslim historical narratives that deal with the East and West Iranian lands while the second two papers examine and reevaluate the intellectual contributions of certain figures or groups as reflections of the transitional period to which they belonged. The first paper examines the accounts of the local histories and chronicles to address the religious and political importance of the friction and on going wars between the rulers of the Sisistani border lands and the new Islamic order. Drawing on the literary aspects of Arabic histories and geographies and using the concepts of memory and forgetting, the second paper explores the narratives regarding Ctesiphon to address how Sasanian history was constructed with available information and the lack thereof. The third paper seeks to fill a lacunae in the intellectual history of the early Abbasid period regarding the Persian Nestorian physicians who were accredited with transferring a medical school from Jundishapur, a crossroads for scholars in the early Islamic period, to Baghdad. The fourth paper evaluates traditional scholarship on Ibn Nadim's al-Fihrist to shed light on the work in the context of Ibn Nadim's intellectual and multi-cultural milieu.

Papers:

"Zabul and Kabul": A Late Antique Relict in Early Islamic Times by Deborah G. Tor (Notre Dame)

Forgetting Ctesiphon: Iran's Pre-Islamic Past, ca. 800-1100 CE by Sarah Bowen Savant (AKU-ISMC)

The Intellectual History of Persian Nestorian Physicians in the Early Abbasid Period by Awad Awad (UCI)

A Critical Survey of the Fihrist of al-Nadim by Asef Kholdani (Independent Scholar)

Discussant: Parvaneh Pourshariati (Ohio State)

Employment & Fellowship Opportunities

Associate Professor in Persian Language, Literature and Culture

The Department of Culture Studies and Oriental Languages, University of Oslo, from 1 of August 2011. The holder of this position will teach modern Persian language at BA and MA levels and further contribute to the "Asian and African Studies Program" by teaching courses on subjects relevant to Iranian culture and society. The holder of this position will participate in exams at all levels, and supervise research students. The Department plans to hire a part time university lecturer to assist in the language teaching part.

The holder of the position is expected to initiate and lead research and carry out administrative duties in accordance with the needs of the Department.

The successful candidate will play a central role in further development of high-quality research and teaching in Persian Language and Iranian culture and society at the Department in collaboration with colleagues.

Application deadline is 1 October 2010.

Application deadline is 1 October 2010.

For further details and to apply, see

<https://uio.easycruit.com/vacancy/396195/62042?iso=gb>

Persian Language, Lecturer

Boston University, Department of Modern Languages and Comparative Literature. Full-time, renewable position, carrying a full package of University benefits in addition to salary, to begin September 01, 2011. Responsibilities include teaching at all levels of BU's program in Persian language and developing new courses. Requirements include an M.A. or higher degree in Persian, second-language acquisition or another relevant field; native or near-native command of Persian and English; demonstrated excellence in college-level language teaching. Please send letter of application, CV, and three letters of recommendation to: Ms. Rebecca Jackson, Department of Modern Languages and Comparative Literature, Boston University, 718 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston MA 02215. Boston University is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer. Applications will be considered until the position is filled; preference will be given to those received by October 20, 2010.

Modern Iran/Tenure Track

University of California, Los Angeles, the International Institute and the Division of Social Sciences, invite applications for a joint, tenure-track assistant professor or tenured associate professor position in one of the Division's departments. Applicants for the position must have research and teaching interests that offer a social science perspective on Iran in the 20th or 21st-century Iran. The ideal candidate would situate his or her regional interests in the context of cross-regional processes

drawing on the theories and methodologies of one or more social science disciplines. Applicants from anthropology, geography, political science, and sociology are especially encouraged to apply.

We seek a scholar with a strong potential in research and a commitment to graduate and undergraduate education. The preferred candidate will be a dynamic program builder who will help coordinate UCLA's initiatives on Iran and contribute to interdisciplinary dialogue with colleagues throughout the University.

The successful candidate must be able to teach core courses in his or her discipline as well as area-focused courses. A completed PhD by June 30, 2011 is required.

Applications, to include a CV, a statement of research and teaching interests, a representative recent paper or article, and three references, should be submitted to: Ms. Tara Wake, Search Committee for Iran Scholar, International Institute, 11230 Bunche Hall, UCLA, Los Angeles CA 90095.

UCLA is an affirmative action / equal opportunity employer and has a strong commitment to the achievement of excellence and diversity among its faculty and staff. Review of applications will begin November 15, 2010. However, applications will continue to be accepted until the position is filled.

Persian-Farsi Language Instructor Positions in Maryland

Language school seeks Persian-Farsi instructors. Positions are located in Maryland.

Ideal candidates will have:

- minimum of 5 years teaching Persian-Farsi to adults (1 year of teaching a related subject may be substituted.)
- B.A. in the Persian language; in linguistics or second language study; or in the history, culture, or literature of the area in which Persian is spoken
- familiarity with educational technology

Advanced degrees and publications are a plus.

Compensation is very competitive, based on credentials, and may include a relocation stipend. This is a long-term position. Full benefits.

If interested, please send your resume to:
lrhodes@academiaschool.com

UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD
FACULTY OF ORIENTAL STUDIES
IN ASSOCIATION WITH WADHAM COLLEGE

Departmental Lecturership in Persian Literature
(fixed-term)
Salary Grade 7, £28,983 - £35,646 per annum

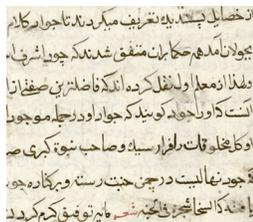
Applications are invited for a teaching position in Persian Literature. This is a fixed-term post to provide teaching and other cover pending the appointment of a permanent University Lecturer in the field. The appointment will run from 1 January 2011 until 31 July 2012. The principal duties of the post are to give lectures, classes and tutorials in classical and modern literature; examine in Persian literature and language; supervise undergraduate and graduate dissertations; carry out research, and to play a part in administrative work relating to Persian; and to act as director of studies for undergraduate students of Oriental Studies in Wadham College.

Applicants must have a primary research expertise in one or other aspect of Persian literature, with a competence to teach both modern and classical Persian literature at undergraduate and graduate levels. Applicants should hold or be working towards a doctorate in the field of Persian literature, and be able to provide evidence of their ability to teach Persian literature at University level. The successful candidate will also have an excellent command of the Persian language and good communication, interpersonal and organisational skills.

Further particulars, including details of how to apply, should be obtained from www.admin.ox.ac.uk/fp/ or from the office of The Faculty Board Secretary, Oriental Institute, Pusey Lane, Oxford, OX1 2LE, tel. +44 1865 288202; fax no. +44-(0)1865-278190; e-mail orient@orinst.ox.ac.uk <<mailto:orient%40orinst.ox.ac.uk>>. Applications and references should reach the Faculty Board Secretary at the address given above, to arrive not later than Friday 8 October 2010. Interviews will be held as soon as possible after the closing date.

The University is an equal opportunities employer.

Charlotte Vinnicombe
Position: Faculty Board Secretary for Oriental Studies
Address: Oriental Institute, Pusey Lane, Oxford, OX1 2LE
E-mail: charlotte.vinnicombe@admin.ox.ac.uk <<mailto:charlotte.vinnicombe%40admin.ox.ac.uk>>
Telephone: +44 1865 278210 (direct line); +44 1865 278200 (general); +44 7769691670 (mobile)



Editorial Notes

Please send your news and all items of professional interest to Ghazzal Dabiri (gd2287@columbia.edu)

The deadline for the the next Newsletter will be March 1, 2011

If you have not yet renewed your membership, please do so as soon as possible. Your continued support is now made easier with online membership renewal. Please go to www.persianatesocieties.org and click on “Membership” to access the online form and link to PayPal (which accepts multiple currencies). The ASPS online form should reflect the address where you would like your issues of the *JPS* to be sent and your preferred e-mail address for ASPS communication; the PayPal site requires your billing address. If you paid but have not received vol. 3:1 (2010) of *Journal of Persianate Studies*, please let us know.